

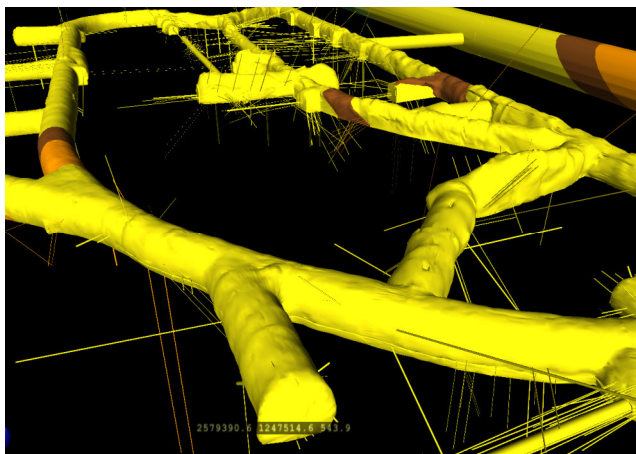


Borehole information system

3D-Visualization of the Mont Terri Laboratory

Situation

The Mont Terri rock laboratory is situated in the Opalinus clay unit at the Jura mountains. The laboratory is operated by swisstopo. More than 1000 boreholes were drilled by the 15 project partners for performing experiments in Opalinus clay. This very tight clay is a candidate host rock for radioactive waste repositories.



Add a New Borehole

DB Mngmt & Planning © New Borehole

boreholeid:

galleryid: SG Edit

eaststart: [m]

northstart: [m]

altitudestart: [m]

azimuth: [degree]

dip: [degree]

eastend: [m]

northend: [m]

altitudeend: [m]

niche:

tunnelmeter: [m]

levels:

collar: [time]

completion:

logging:

history:

sampling:

survey:

loggingdate:

surveydate:

photolink: Edit

mappinglink: Edit

samplinglink: Edit

logginglink: Edit

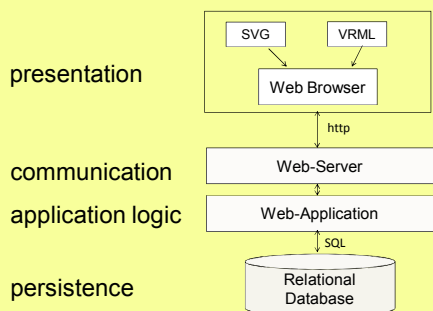
overcoredborehole:

phaseid: 17 Edit

prolongation: [cm]

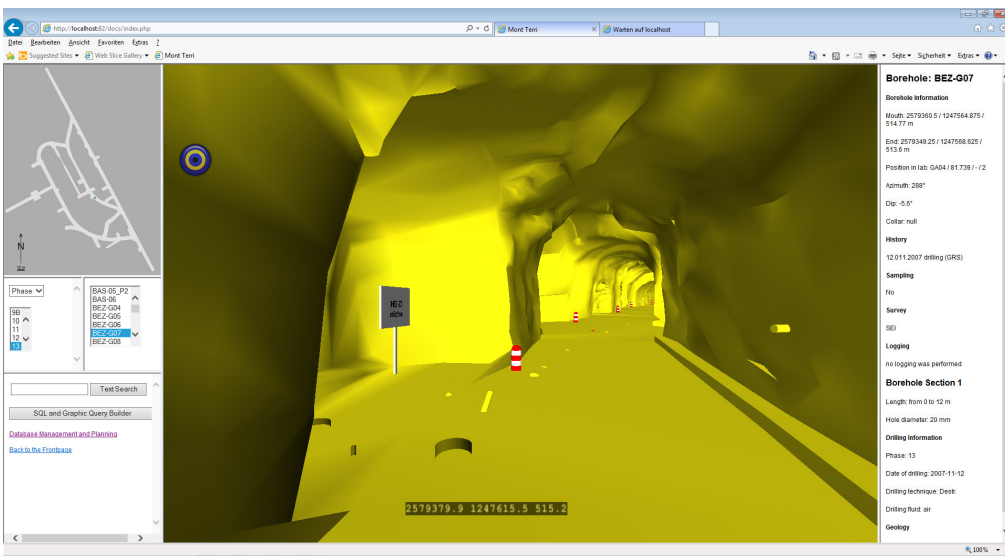
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Application Architecture



Description

The system visualizes the boreholes drilled at the Mont Terri Laboratory together with the tunnels and niches. Boreholes can be filtered and the associated information will be shown. Some geometrical functions are available to calculate distances and intersections.



Technologies

Database: PostgreSQL
 Communication layer: Apache, PHP
 GUI: HTML, JavaScript, WebGL (three.js)

Geometric Functions

DB Mngmt & Planning © Geo. Functions

1) Task

- Calculate the Shortest Distance between Boreholes
- Calculate the Intersection with Tunnels

2) Reference borehole

- A New Borehole
- An Existing Borehole

Start coordinates are required.
 Either end coordinates or Azimuth+dip+length is necessary.

Start X: Start Y: Start Z:

End X: End Y: End Z:

Azimuth: Dip: Length:

BoreholeID:

3) Targeted boreholes

3-1) Options to select boreholes

I) Add Borehole by ID

II) Text Search

III) Graphic Query Builder

IV) Add All Boreholes

3-2) Borehole List

MontTerri Boreholes

DB Mngmt & Planning © Opt. Select Boreholes © MtTerri Boreholes

| # | altitudeend | altitudestart | azimuth | boreholeid | dip | drillingnr | username |
|----|-------------|---------------|---------|-------------|------|------------|-----------|
| 1 | 517.23 | 517.23 | 72 | BAS-01 | 0 | 511 | swisstopo |
| 2 | 517.86 | 517.136 | 72 | BAS-02 | 5 | 512 | swisstopo |
| 3 | 517.214 | 517.883 | 72 | BAS-02_OC | 5 | 513 | swisstopo |
| 4 | 517.38 | 517.96 | 72 | BAS-02_P | 5 | 600 | swisstopo |
| 5 | 517.335 | 518.038 | 72 | BAS-02_P_OC | 5 | 601 | swisstopo |
| 6 | 517.72 | 516.79 | 68 | BAS-03 | 4.4 | 602 | swisstopo |
| 7 | 517.225 | 517.255 | 68 | BAS-03_OC | 4.4 | 603 | swisstopo |
| 8 | 520.853 | 518.193 | 92 | BAS-04 | 12.7 | 664 | swisstopo |
| 9 | 519.823 | 517.537 | 92 | BAS-05 | 12.7 | 665 | swisstopo |
| 10 | 522.8 | 519.8 | 72 | BAS-05_P2 | 15 | 743 | swisstopo |
| 11 | 519.878 | 517.587 | 72 | BAS-06 | 15 | 707 | swisstopo |
| 12 | | 516.387 | 150 | BBB-1 | 45 | 789 | swisstopo |
| 13 | | 515.88 | 242 | BBB-2 | 0 | 790 | swisstopo |
| 14 | | 516.126 | 150 | BBB-3 | 45 | 856 | swisstopo |
| 15 | | 516.126 | 150 | BBB-3_R | 45 | 937 | swisstopo |
| 16 | 493.77 | 513.69 | 0 | BBF-1 | -90 | 1 | swisstopo |
| 17 | 493.49 | 513.72 | 0 | BBF-2 | -90 | 2 | swisstopo |
| 18 | 493.57 | 513.75 | 0 | BBF-3 | -90 | 3 | swisstopo |
| 19 | 493.79 | 513.79 | 0 | BBF-4 | -90 | 4 | swisstopo |
| 20 | | 512.108 | 0 | BBN-1 | -90 | 843 | swisstopo |
| 21 | | 513.748 | 314 | BBW-1 | -47 | 871 | swisstopo |
| 22 | | 515.617 | 134 | BBW-2 | 47 | 880 | swisstopo |
| 23 | | 514.286 | 334 | BCD-1 | 48 | 838 | swisstopo |
| 24 | | 514.286 | 334 | BCD-1_OC | 48 | 850 | swisstopo |

Graphical User Interface

Panels

The graphical user interface consists of a 3D-view, a map view, a search panel and an information panel. If a borehole is selected, it is shown in all panels immediately.

Geometric functions

For planning new boreholes, the distance between boreholes and intersection point with the tunnel wall can be calculated

Editing

New boreholes can be edited in a form and documents can be uploaded and assigned to a borehole.

A first version of the tool was developed by Martin Heller at Colenco.